

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

G. VENKATASWAMY NAIDU COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOVILPATTI – 628 502.

UG DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - NOVEMBER 2024.

(For those admitted in June 2021 and later)

PROGRAMME AND BRANCH: B.Sc., INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



SEM	CATEGORY	COMPONENT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
IV	PART-III	CORE ELECTIVE	U21IT4E2A	OPERATIONS RESEARCH & NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Date & Session: 15.11.2024 / AN

Time : 3 hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks) Answer <u>ALL</u> Questions.
CO1	K1	1.	When total supply is equal to total demand in a transportation problem, the problem is said to be. a) Balanced b) Unbalanced c) Degenerate d) None of the above
CO1	K2	2.	Which technique is used in finding a solution for optimizing a given objective, such as profit maximization or cost reduction under certain constraints? a) Quailing Theory b) Waiting Line c) Both A and B d) Linear Programming
CO2	K1	3.	In transportation Problems, VAM stands for _____. a) Value Addition Method b) Vogel's Approximation Method c) Virgenean Approximation Method d) None of these
CO2	K2	4.	The transportation problem is basically a. a) Maximization model b) Minimization model c) Transshipment problem d) Iconic model
CO3	K1	5.	Sequencing is subset of -----. a) Routing b) Scheduling c) Expediting d) none of these
CO3	K2	6.	When sequencing jobs , an approach which may be used to help cash constrained situation is _____. a) Shortest operation time first b) Last in First Out c) First in first Out d) Longest operation time first
CO4	K1	7.	The matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 12 & 36 \end{bmatrix}$ is. a) Column matrix b) Row matrix c) Horizontal matrix d) Scalar matrix
CO4	K2	8.	If A is a square matrix such that $A^2 = A(I-A)^3 + A$ is equal to. a) I b) 0 c) I-A d) I+A
CO5	K1	9.	The process of computing y corresponding x where $x < x$ is called as. a) Interpolation b) Extrapolation c) Curve fitting d) None of these
CO5	K2	10.	The modification of Gauss elimination method is called as _____. a) Gauss Seidal b) Jacobi's Method c) Gauss Jordan d) Relaxation Method
Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - B (5 X 5 = 25 Marks) Answer <u>ALL</u> Questions choosing either (a) or (b)
CO1	K3	11a.	What is transportation problem? Formulation of Transportation. (OR)
CO1	K3	11b.	Write the difference between Transportation Problem vs. Assignment Problem.

CO2	K3	12a.	Write the steps of Assignment problem. (OR)																								
CO2	K3	12b.	Solve the following assignment problem. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P</td> <td>9</td> <td>26</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Q</td> <td>13</td> <td>27</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R</td> <td>35</td> <td>20</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S</td> <td>18</td> <td>30</td> <td>20</td> </tr> </table>		1	2	3	P	9	26	15	Q	13	27	6	R	35	20	15	S	18	30	20				
	1	2	3																								
P	9	26	15																								
Q	13	27	6																								
R	35	20	15																								
S	18	30	20																								
CO3	K4	13a.	Illustrate Processing a job through machines. (OR)																								
CO3	K4	13b.	A company has to process five items on three machine A,B,C Processing times are given in the following table. Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Item</td> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>9</td> <td>5</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>8</td> <td>3</td> <td>11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>2</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>3</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> </tr> </table>	Item	A	B	C	1	4	4	6	2	9	5	9	3	8	3	11	4	6	2	8	5	3	6	7
Item	A	B	C																								
1	4	4	6																								
2	9	5	9																								
3	8	3	11																								
4	6	2	8																								
5	3	6	7																								
CO4	K4	14a.	Illustrate Determinant of Matrix with example. (OR)																								
CO4	K4	14b.	Solve the following equation of gauss elimination method. $x+y+z=2$, $x+2y+3Z$, $2x+3Y+4Z=11$																								
CO5	K5	15a.	Discuss Newton's Interpolation formula. (OR)																								
CO5	K5	15b.	Solve the following system by the Gauss elimination method. $x+3y=7$ and $3x+4y=11$																								

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks) Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b)																																							
CO1	K3	16a.	Define LLP Problem and its method. (OR)																																							
CO1	K3	16b.	Solving Balanced Transportation problem by Northwest Corner Method Consider this scenario: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Destination</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td>D1</td> <td>D2</td> <td>D3</td> <td>D4</td> <td>Supply</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Sources</td> <td>O1</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>7</td> <td>4</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>O2</td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td>5</td> <td>9</td> <td>400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>O3</td> <td>8</td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Demand</td> <td>250</td> <td>350</td> <td>400</td> <td>200</td> <td>1200</td> </tr> </table>			Destination							D1	D2	D3	D4	Supply	Sources	O1	3	1	7	4	300	O2	2	6	5	9	400	O3	8	3	3	2	500	Demand	250	350	400	200	1200
		Destination																																								
		D1	D2	D3	D4	Supply																																				
Sources	O1	3	1	7	4	300																																				
	O2	2	6	5	9	400																																				
	O3	8	3	3	2	500																																				
	Demand	250	350	400	200	1200																																				
CO2	K4	17a.	Solve the following assignment problem. Cell values represent cost of assigning job A, B, C and D to the machines I, II, III and IV. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Machines</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td>I</td> <td>II</td> <td>III</td> <td>IV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>J</td> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> <td>19</td> <td>11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>O</td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td></td> <td>12</td> <td>14</td> <td>13</td> <td>11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S</td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>15</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> </tr> </table>			Machines						I	II	III	IV	J		10	12	19	11	O		5	10	7	8	B		12	14	13	11	S		8	15	11	9			
		Machines																																								
		I	II	III	IV																																					
J		10	12	19	11																																					
O		5	10	7	8																																					
B		12	14	13	11																																					
S		8	15	11	9																																					
CO2	K4	17b.	Give the mathematical Formulation of Assignment problem. (OR)																																							
CO3	K4	18a.	Discuss the basic terminologies used in Sequencing Problem. (OR)																																							
CO3	K4	18b.	Explain the types of Sequencing problem.																																							
CO4	K5	19a.	Define Matrix and its types. (OR)																																							
CO4	K5	19b.	How to find Inverse Matrix with example.																																							
CO5	K5	20a.	Briefly explain Newton Forward and Backward Interpolation. (OR)																																							
CO5	K5	20b.	Solve the following system using Gauss-Jordan method, $2x+y+2z=10$ and $x+2y+z=8$ and $3x+y-z=2$																																							

